





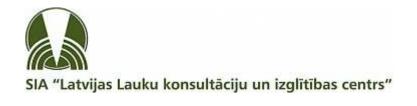
International seminar

"Economically viable beef cattle farming for biodiversity and clean environment"

Baltezers, 2013





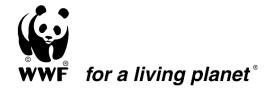












High Quality Beef from High Nature Value Grasslands Pasture Beef

Anna Jamieson Coordinator WWF Pasture Beef Riga 11/4 2013

















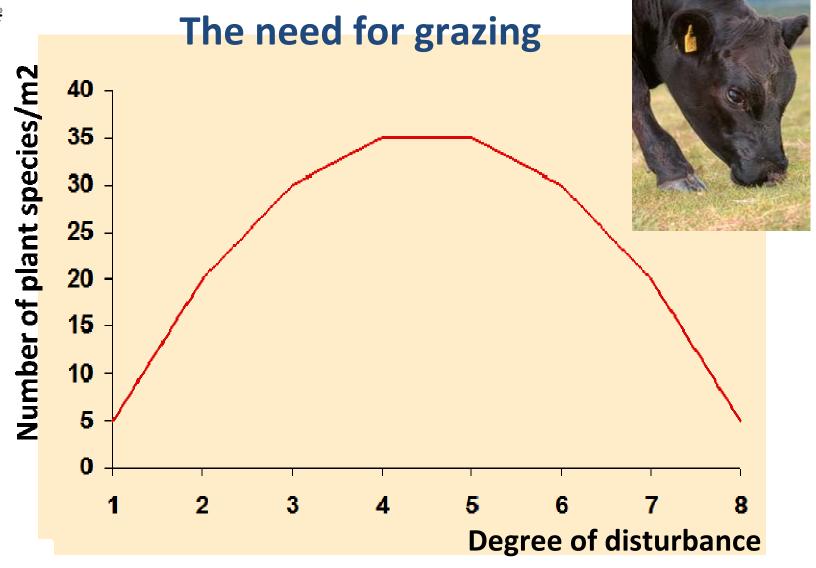






- 25 % of vascular plants
- 60 % of the butterflies
- Powerful carbon sink
- Recreational value
- But only 5 % remains and disappearing fast















...and the way we produce beef affects the sea

Predominate system	Pasture Beef system
Intensively grain fed Low proportion of grass in diet	Extensively reared on grazing and hay/silage
Many dairy bull calves	Bullocks and heifers
Housed all year round	Grazing 6-8 months/year
Old fashioned manure handling systems	New operation => modernized manure systems

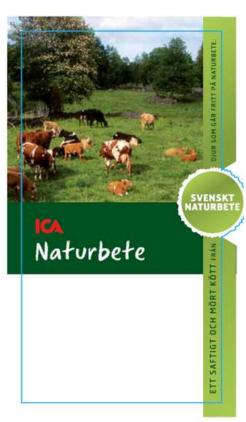


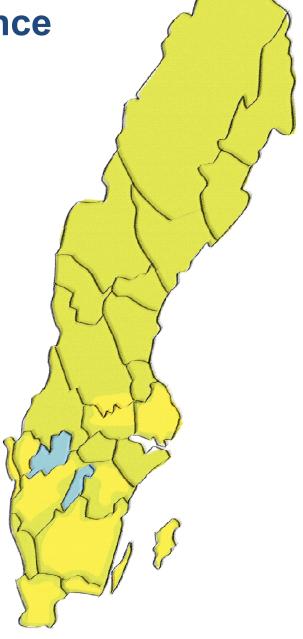
20 years of Swedish Pasture Beef experience



- Local and nationwide
- High quality product
- Quality assured

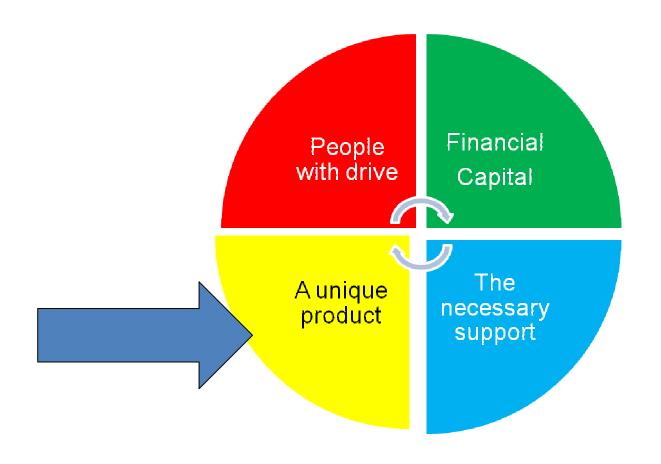








The ingredients ...



A unique product

- Taste
- Environment
- Health
- Production criteria in a Quality assurance scheme
- Price









Beef Quality

Juiciness

Local identity

Tenderness

Animal welfare

Flavour

Climate and nature

Health issues

Hygienic aspects



A short cut to quality – intra muscular fat a.k.a Marbling



How do we achieve this?

- It takes time
- It takes food/nutrition
- It comes easier to bullocks and heifers
- Some breeds do it more readily than others

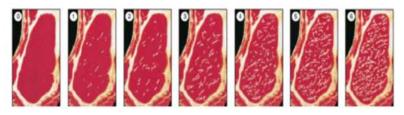
Gives flavour and juiciness

MARBLING (Intramuscular fat) MB



Marbling is the fat that is deposited between individual muscle fibres of the M. longissimus Dorsi. It is assessed in the chilled carcase and scored against reference standards in accordance with **AUS-MEAT Chiller Assessment** Standards.

BEEF MARBLING REFERENCE STANDARDS





The importance of added value

 15-20% added value to the carcass produces as much return to the farmer/ha grazing land as the EU environmental support for the same amount of land



 The combination is a very powerful market driven conservation mechanism!



Swedish Pasture beef

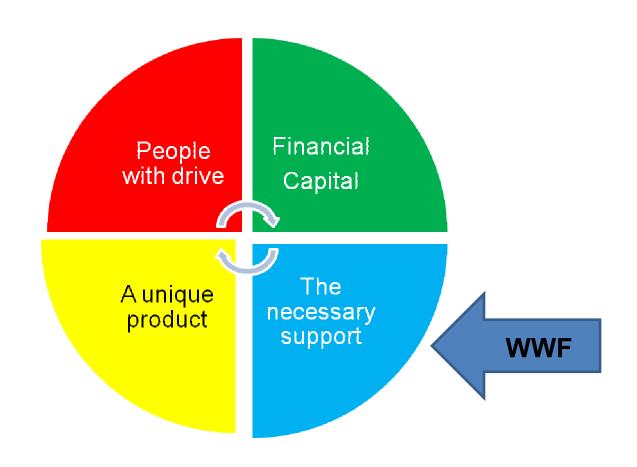
Criterias

- Heifers, steers and young cows
- Grazed on semi natural pastures 50 %
- Farm has 50 % semi natural grassland
- Well marbled
- Beef is matured 14 days



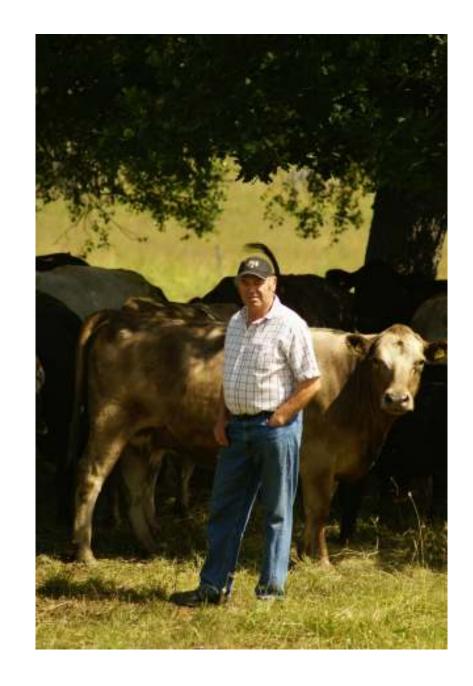


The ingredients for success...





- Fencing grants
- Land tenure
- Political game rules
- Pride and Attention





- Abattoirs
- Meat cutters/packers
- Retailers
- Wholesalers
- Public procurers





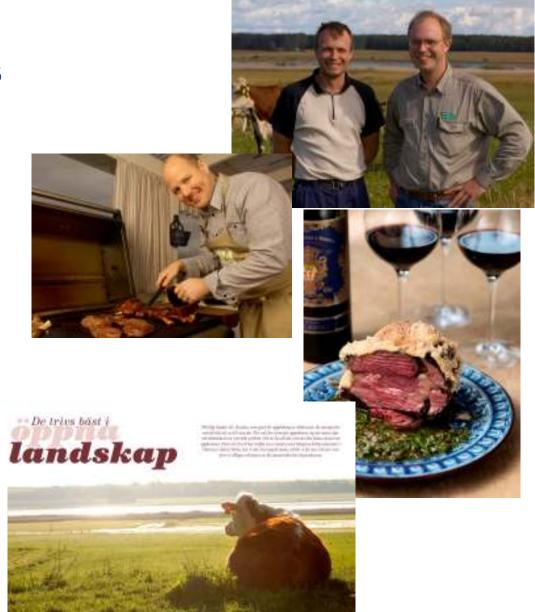






Ambassadors

- Foodie Journalists
- Top Chefs
- Farmers
- Opinion makers





The meat delivery chain is long...





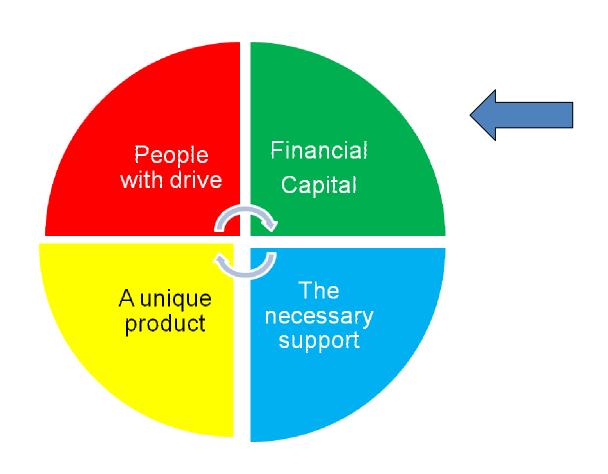


...and full of "wolves" and pitfalls!



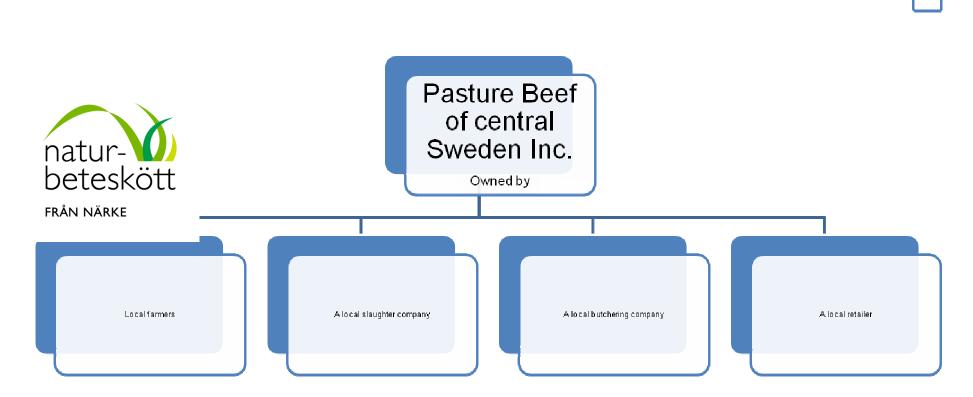


The ingredients for success...





One way of addressing the finances

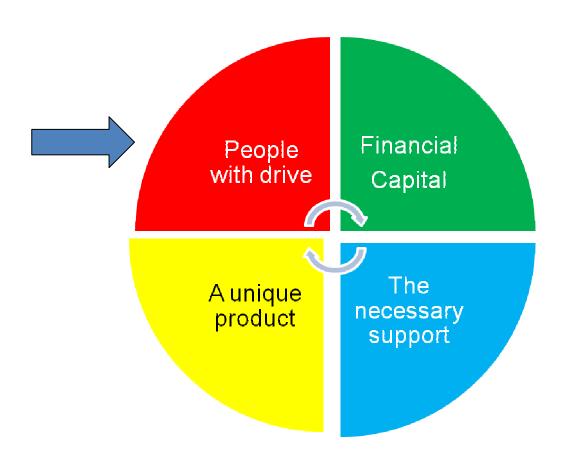








The most important ingredient for success...





So how are we doing?

Victories

- 40 000 ha SNP restored (> 10 % total acreage SNP)
- Pasture Beef on the shelves of ICA – largest retailer in Sweden
- Pasture Beef is favoured by top chefs in Sweden
- Environmentally conscious consumers know what pasture beef is and stands for
- Quality assurance scheme in place gives increased access to public procurement

Challenges

- Market access is still difficult –
 the meat industry is slow to pick up
- Copy cat products without QA
- Production volume needs to increase to get out of the niche and in to the mainstream
- Retailers need to put monetary value on corporate responsibility
- EU rules creates uncertainty for farmers



Latvian Beef

- What is important to the Latvian consumer?
- What are you going to produce?
- Choose a few quality aspects and concentrate your work and marketing on them





Choice of production model

It depends on the type of farm...

- Grazing or not
- Type of grazing
- Housing
- Labour
- Feed

...and the animals available.

- Suckler cows
- Bought in calves
- Type of breed
- Bulls, heifers, steers.

But most important of all – is to make a choice and work accordingly!



The difference between dairy and beef breeds

- Carcass confirmation and fat content
- Milkproduction
- Growth rate and feed efficiency
- Marbleing
- Tenderness?







If your farm looks like this...

 ...how can <u>you</u> produce quality beef?





Or if your farm looks like this...

 ...how can <u>you</u> produce quality beef?



